Follow the instructions for each question and show enough of your work so that I can follow your thought process. If I can't read your work, answer or there is no justification to a solution, you will receive little or no credit!

1. Let $f : \mathbb{R} \to [0, 1]$ be a continuous function. Prove that $g(x) = \sin(f(x))$ is continuous on \mathbb{R} .

Name:

- **2**. Prove that f(x) = |x| is a continuous function on \mathbb{R} .
- **3**. Let $p, q \in \mathbb{R}$ and $f : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ be given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^p \sin\left(\frac{1}{x^q}\right) & \text{if } x \neq 0\\ 0 & \text{if } x = 0. \end{cases}$$

For which values of p and q is f continuous at x = 0? Be sure to justify.

4. Suppose f is a continuous function on [a, b] and g is a continuous function on [b, c] such that f(b) = g(b). Define $h : [a, c] \to \mathbb{R}$ by

$$h(x) = \begin{cases} f(x) & \text{if } a \le x \le b \\ g(x) & \text{if } b \le x \le c \,. \end{cases}$$

Prove that h is continuous on [a, c].

5. Let X be a countable set of real numbers and fix a to be a real number. Define the set

$$a + X = \{a + x : x \in X\}.$$

Prove that a + X is countable.

6. Let X be a countable set of real numbers and fix a to be a nonzero real number. Define the set

$$\frac{X}{a} = \left\{\frac{x}{a} : x \in X\right\}.$$

Prove that $\frac{X}{a}$ is countable. **7.** Let $d = \gcd(a, b)$ where $a, b \in \mathbb{N}$. If a = da' and b = db', show that $\gcd(a', b') = 1$. **8.** Let $d = \gcd(a, b)$ where $a, b \in \mathbb{N}$. Prove that $\frac{a}{d}$ and $\frac{b}{d}$ are relatively prime.

9. We showed \mathbb{R} is uncountable by proving (0, 1) is uncountable. By assuming \mathbb{R} is uncountable, prove that the interval (0, 1) is uncountable by constructing a map from (0, 1) to \mathbb{R} and demonstrating the map is a bijection.